

2nd Quarter Report April 30, 2007



June 7, 2007

To our Shareholders,

Second quarter revenue was \$15.0 million, compared to \$15.0 million reported in the same period last year. Net income for the second quarter was \$2.29 million or \$0.09 per diluted share compared to the prior year's second quarter net income of \$2.45 million or \$0.09 per diluted share. On a year to date basis, revenue was \$28.5 million compared to \$31.8 million in the prior year, while net income was \$4.13 million compared to \$5.52 million in the prior fiscal year. The decrease in revenue and net income on a year to date basis reflects the impact of a decreased number of licenses being ordered by one customer.

Operating expenses increased to \$8.4 million from \$7.7 million in the prior year's second quarter as a result of the inclusion of foreign exchange losses of \$0.6 million reported in the second quarter. Also included in the operating expenses are non-cash amortization charges of \$1.5 million compared to \$1.4 million in the prior year's second quarter related to the amortization of software and intangibles including those recorded as part of the Ontira acquisition completed on March 31, 2007. Both quarters include \$0.1 million in non-cash compensation expense related to stock options.

The Company generated cash flows from operations of \$4.5 million in the second quarter compared to \$10.1 million in the prior year's second quarter, which included receipt of the final year's annual maintenance from one customer. On a year to date basis, the Company generated cash flows of \$9.7 million compared to \$13.4 million in the prior year, closing the quarter with \$106.1 million in cash and short-term investments. The Company continues to have no long-term debt.

During the second quarter the Company completed the acquisition of Ontira Communications Inc., the results of which have been included from the date of acquisition, March 31, 2007. After the quarter, Enghouse paid an eligible cash dividend of \$0.025 per share on May 31, 2007. At its meeting held today, the Board of Directors authorized the payment of an eligible quarterly dividend of \$0.025 per share payable on August 31, 2007 to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 14, 2007.

The Company continues to focus on deploying its cash reserves on acquisitions that will further diversify its revenue stream and extend its market presence.

Stephen J. Sadler

Clade

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's interim unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the periods ended April 30, 2007 and 2006, as well as the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2006, contained in the Company's 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders.

Accounting Policies, Accounting Standards and Estimates:

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements is based on the selection and application of significant accounting policies, some of which require management to make significant estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue, bad debts, intangible assets, goodwill and income taxes. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience as well as on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances at the time. Under different assumptions or conditions, the actual results would differ, potentially materially, from those previously estimated. Many of the conditions impacting these assumptions and estimates are beyond the Company's control.

The Company believes that these accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements. These policies remain substantially unchanged from those discussed in the Company's latest Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended October 31, 2006, contained in the Company's 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders, with the exception of two new accounting standards issued by The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountant's (CICA) Accounting Standards Board and adopted on November 1, 2006.

CICA Section 1530, *Comprehensive Income*, introduces a new financial statement which shows the change in equity (net assets) of an enterprise during a reporting period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. It includes all changes in net assets during a period except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners.

CICA Section 3855, *Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement*, prescribes when a financial asset, financial liability or non-financial derivative shall be recognized on the balance sheet and the measurement of such amount. It also specifies how financial statement gains and losses are to be recognized depending on their classification. Depending on the financial instruments' classification, changes in subsequent measurements are recognized in net income or comprehensive income.

The Company has implemented the following classifications:

- Cash and short-term investments consisting of commercial paper, bonds and bankers acceptances are classified as *financial assets* and *held to maturity investments* respectively and are measured at cost and amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.
- Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables. After their initial fair value
 measurement, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For
 the Company, this generally corresponds to cost.
- Short term investments consisting of equity investments are classified as available for sale financial assets. These financial assets are marked-to-market through comprehensive income at each period end and are only taken to income at the time of disposition.
- Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and customer deposits are classified as financial liabilities.
 After their initial fair value measurement, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For the Company, the measured amount generally corresponds to cost.

These new standards are to be applied without restatement of prior period amounts with the exception of foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of the financial statements of self-sustaining foreign subsidiaries. These were previously recorded in a separate section of shareholders' equity but have been restated and are now presented as accumulated other comprehensive income. Upon initial application of the new standards, all adjustments to the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities were recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company has recognized a \$0.4 million charge, net of income taxes, to the opening balance of accumulated other comprehensive loss with respect to the change to fair market value of short-term investments designated as available for sale.

Results of Operations:

Total revenue for the quarter was \$15.0 million compared to \$15.0 million in the prior year's second quarter. On a year to date basis, revenue was \$28.46 million compared to \$31.79 million. Revenue in the quarter includes \$3.1 million in license sales compared to \$3.6 million in the prior year's second quarter, with the comparative quarter including significant license sales to a major Asset Management Division customer. This decrease was mitigated by increased services revenue and increased hardware sales by the Syntellect Division in the quarter.

The Syntellect Division contributed \$12.8 million in revenue in the quarter, up from the \$11.2 million reported in the second quarter of fiscal 2006. On a year to date basis, the Syntellect Division has contributed \$23.8 million compared to \$22.5 million in the prior year. The increase is attributable to the impact of incremental maintenance revenue on new license sales and incremental license revenue reported by Apropos since the date of acquisition, November 28, 2005.

The Asset Management Division contributed \$2.2 million in revenue in the current year's second quarter, compared to \$3.8 million reported in the second quarter of fiscal 2006 for a total year to date contribution of \$4.6 million compared to \$9.3 million in the prior year. This decrease in revenue is as a direct result of significant software license sales to a major customer in the prior year and of the termination of that customer's annual maintenance agreement, effective March 31, 2007. The Asset Management Division results also include revenue generated by Ontira Communications Inc. since the date of acquisition, March 31, 2007.

Cost of sales for the quarter was \$4.8 million compared to \$4.2 million in the prior year's second quarter and reflects increased proportional contributions from lower margin revenue.

Operating expenses for the quarter were \$8.4 million, an increase from the \$7.7 million reported in the second quarter of last year. On a year to date basis, operating expenses were \$15.6 million compared to \$15.8 million in the prior year, which included only five months due to the timing of the Apropos acquisition in November 2005. The increase in the quarter's selling, general and administrative costs reflect the inclusion of foreign exchange losses of \$0.6 million compared to nominal gains reported in the prior year's second quarter. Operating expenses also include non-cash charges related to compensation expense attributed to stock options granted, which added \$0.1 million in both the current and prior year's first quarters and \$0.2 million year to date in both fiscal years.

Non-cash charges for amortization of acquired software and other intangibles related to prior acquisitions as well as to the acquisition of Ontira were \$1.47 million, an increase over the prior year's second quarter non-cash charges of \$1.45 million. On a year to date basis, amortization has increased by \$0.2 million and reflects two full quarters of amortization related to the Apropos acquisition compared to five months in the prior fiscal year.

During the second quarter, the Company recognized interest income of \$1.0 million compared to \$0.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2006 as a result of improved returns on investments and increased average cash balances invested. The Company reported other income from gains on the sale of equity positions held of \$0.7 million, compared to nil in the prior year's second quarter. On a year to date basis this has contributed \$0.8 million compared to nil in the prior year.

The Company established a tax provision of \$1.3 million for a 35.8% effective tax rate in the second quarter as compared to a provision of \$1.4 million and a 36.6% effective rate in the prior year's second quarter as the Company continues to provide for all future tax obligations. On a year to date basis, the Company provided \$2.3 million in taxes compared to \$3.1 million in the prior fiscal year, at an effective tax rate of 35.9% for the year. During the second quarter, the Company paid \$1.2 million in tax installments.

Net income decreased to \$2.29 million, or \$0.09 per diluted share in the second quarter from \$2.45 million or \$0.09 per share respectively in the second quarter of fiscal 2006 as the sale of equity positions offset the impact of foreign exchange losses reported in the quarter. On a year to date basis, net income was \$4.13 million in the current year compared to \$5.52 million in the prior year, or \$0.16 and \$0.21 per diluted share, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

The Company closed the quarter with cash reserves of \$106.1 million, an increase from the year end balance of \$98.2 million as a result of cash generated from operations of \$9.7 million year to date. For the quarter, Enghouse reported \$4.5 million in cash from operations compared to \$10.1 million in the prior year's second quarter, which included strong cash collections and the receipt of a significant final annual maintenance contract renewal on April 1st, 2006. The Company continues to have no long-term debt and has sufficient cash resources to fund both its current and future financial operating commitments. The Company had 25,465,224 Common Shares outstanding as at April 30, 2007. The Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock under its Normal Course Issuer Bid in the second quarter (Q2-2006 – nil), but did renew the bid for a further year effective April 12, 2007. After the quarter ended the Company paid an eligible quarterly dividend of \$0.025 per share on May 31, 2007 and announced the Board of Director's approval of an eligible quarterly dividend of \$0.025 per share payable on August 31, 2007 to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 14, 2007.

Risks and Uncertainties:

The primary risks and uncertainties that affect or may affect the Company and its business, financial condition, and results of operations are substantially unchanged from those discussed in the Company's latest Annual Information Form and its Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the year ended October 31, 2006, contained in the Company's 2006 Annual Report to Shareholders and all such risks and uncertainties are incorporated herein by reference.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Vice President Finance are responsible for designing internal control over financial reporting or causing them to be designed under their supervision to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the Company's financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian GAAP. There were no changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company for the three and six months ended April 30, 2007 have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of the interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	April 30, 2007	October 31, 2006
Asset	S	
Current Assets:	•	
Cash	\$ 13,715	\$ 5,602
Short-term investments	92,394	92,621
Accounts receivable, net	11,220	15,253
Future income taxes	3,256	3,480
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,122	2,074
	122,707	119,030
Property and equipment	1,603	1,667
Acquired software and other intangibles	19,426	21,370
Goodwill	15,287	13,929
Long-term future income taxes	3,463	3,761
	\$ 162,486	\$ 159,757
Liabiliti	es	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 11,943	\$ 12,688
Income taxes payable	6,453	7,629
Deferred revenue	17,102	16,143
	35,498	36,460
E to a to a constant	0.000	40.007
Future income taxes	9,600	10,227
Deferred revenue	679	64
Chavahaldava	\$ 45,777	\$ 46,751
Shareholders	Equity	
Share capital	49,016	49,047
Contributed surplus	255	262
Retained earnings	73,679	69,549
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(6,241)	(5,852)
	116,709	113,006
	\$ 162,486	\$ 159,757

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Retained Earnings (in thousands of Canadian dollars except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three months en	ded April 30	Six months ended April 30		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Revenue					
Software licenses	\$ 3,087	\$ 3,575	\$ 5,840	\$ 9,863	
Services	11,347	11,123	21,633	21,416	
Hardware	602	323	991	506	
	15,036	15,021	28,464	31,785	
		,			
Cost of Sales					
Software licenses	698	335	1,167	1,141	
Services	3,542	3,591	7,305	7,189	
Hardware	516	295	789	421	
	4,756	4,221	9,261	8,751	
Gross Margin	10,280	10,800	19,203	23,034	
Operating expenses					
Selling, general and administrative	4,491	3,786	7,836	7,890	
Research and development	2,144	1,956	4,115	4,220	
Stock based compensation	103	124	220	243	
Amortization of property and equipment	200	360	432	670	
Amortization of acquired software and other	200	300	402	070	
intangibles	1,470	1,449	2,947	2,748	
intailigibles	8,408	7,675	15,550	15,771	
		.,	. 0,000		
Income before the undernoted	1,872	3,125	3,653	7,263	
Interest income, net	1,007	737	1,978	1,360	
Other income	678	-	810	1,500	
Cutof moonie			010		
Income before income taxes	3,557	3,862	6,441	8,623	
Provision for income taxes	1,272	1,414	2,311	3,099	
Net income for the period	\$ 2,285	\$ 2,448	\$ 4,130	\$ 5,524	
·				. ,	
Retained Earnings, beginning of period	\$ 71,394	\$ 61,622	\$ 69,549	\$ 58,546	
Retained Earnings, end of period	\$ 73,679	\$ 64,070	\$ 73,679	\$ 64,070	
Retained Lairnings, end of period	Ψ 13,013	Ψ 04,070	Ψ13,013	Ψ 04,070	
Earnings per share					
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.22	
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.21	
Weighted average shares outstanding during	Ţ 0.00	+ 0.00	+ 0	÷ •	
period (millions) - basic	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	
- diluted	26.4	26.6	26.4	26.5	
				_	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (in thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

		nths ended il 30	Six months ended April 30			
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Net income for the period	\$ 2,285	\$ 2,448	\$ 4,130	\$ 5,524		
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Unrealized loss on translating financial statements of self-sustaining foreign operations Transfer to net income of realized gains on available for sale investments, net of tax of \$244 (six months - \$292) Unrealized gain on available for sale investments, net of tax of \$111 (six months - \$526) Unrealized foreign currency translation (loss) gain on available for sale investments, net of tax of \$17 (six months - (\$5))	(1,258)	(1,136)	(811)	(1,394)		
	(434)	-	(518)	-		
	196	-	930	-		
	(29)	-	10	-		
Other comprehensive loss	\$ (1,525)	\$ (1,136)	\$ (389)	\$ (1,394)		
Comprehensive income	\$ 760	\$ 1,312	\$ 3,741	\$ 4,130		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, beginning of period	\$ (4,716)	\$ (4,018)	\$ (5,852)	\$ (3,760)		
Other comprehensive loss	(1,525)	(1,136)	(389)	(1,394)		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, end of period	\$ (6,241)	\$ (5,154)	\$ (6,241)	\$ (5,154)		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	For the three ended A		For the six months ended April 30			
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income for the period	\$ 2,285	\$ 2,448	\$ 4,130	\$ 5,524		
Add (deduct) items not involving cash:						
Amortization of property and equipment	200	360	432	670		
Amortization of acquired software and other intangibles	1,470	1,449	2,947	2,748		
Stock-based compensation expense	103	124	220	243		
Gain on sale of short-term investments	(678)	_	(810)	<u>-</u>		
Future income taxes	25	729	4	1,799		
	3,405	5,110	6,923	10,984		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, net	2,855	2,947	4,370	(1,958)		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(43)	(92)	(58)	` 183		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	224	67Ś	(1,805)	293		
Increase (decrease) in current income taxes payable	298	389	(1,254)	801		
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue	(2,174)	2,103	1,583	4,193		
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	(35)	(1,071)	(99)	(1,047)		
Cash flows from operating activities	4,530	10,061	9,660	13,449		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Purchase of property and equipment	(143)	(83)	(273)	(169)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (Note 4)	(2,210)	` -	(2,210)	(38,203)		
Net sale (purchase) of short-term investments	2,420	(11,394)	1,508	26,598		
	67	(11,477)	(975)	(11,774)		
Cash flows from financing activities						
Issuance of share capital	-	786	41	833		
Purchase and cancellation of common shares			(301)	(212)		
	-	786	(260)	621		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	(612)	(166)	(312)	(371)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the period	3,985	(796)	8,113	1,925		
Cash – Beginning of period	9,730	7,983	5,602	5,262		
Cash – End of period	\$ 13,715	\$ 7,187	\$13,715	\$ 7,187		
Supplementary Cash Flow Information:						
Cash paid during the year for						
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Income Taxes	1,164	289	3,886	437		

Cash excludes short-term investments

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) April 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands of Canadian dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in Canadian dollars in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the October 31, 2006 annual audited consolidated financial statements, with the exception of accounting for financial instruments. These interim consolidated financial statements do not conform in all respects with disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in the Company's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2006.

2. New Accounting Policies

Effective November 1, 2006 the Company adopted the new Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) accounting recommendations for the recognition, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments and comprehensive income. The standards have been adopted on a prospective basis, with the exception of the cumulative translation adjustment, which has been applied retroactively. These standards include CICA Handbook Section 3855, *Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement*, Section 1530, *Comprehensive Income*; Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*; and Section 3251, *Equity*.

The new recommendations require the Company to present, among other things, certain unrealized gains and losses outside of net income or loss. Section 1530 defines comprehensive income as the change in equity (net assets) arising from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. The new standard requires presentation of a statement of comprehensive income. In accordance with the provisions of these new standards, foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of the financial statements of the Company's self-sustaining foreign operations, previously recorded in a separate section of shareholders' equity, are now presented as accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company's earnings per share presented on the consolidated statements of income are based upon its net income and not comprehensive income.

The new standard for financial instruments prescribes when a financial instrument is to be recognized on the balance sheet and at what amount. It also specifies how gains and losses on financial instruments are to be presented. Financial instruments are classified into various categories. Held to maturity investments and loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost, with the amortization of premiums or discounts, losses and impairments being included in current period interest income or expense. Held for trading financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair market value with all gains and losses included in net income in the period in which they arise. Available for sale financial assets are measured at fair market value, except where the instrument does not have a quoted market price in an active market, with revaluation gains and losses included in other comprehensive income until the asset is removed from the balance sheet. Losses due to impairment are included in net income. All other financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost.

The Company's cash, banker's acceptances, bonds, commercial paper and accounts receivables are classified as held-to-maturity investments and continue to be recorded at cost or amortized cost. The Company accrues interest income over the expected life of each instrument. The Company does not recognize gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these instruments until the gains and losses are realized, or there is an impairment in the value of an asset. When recognized, such gains and losses are recorded directly in net income.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

April 30, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

The Company considers its portfolio equity investments to be available for sale assets. As such, these investments are carried at fair market value with foreign exchange and revaluation gains and losses included in other comprehensive income until the gains and losses are realized or there is an impairment in the value.

The Company's accounts payable, accrued liabilities and customer deposits are classified as financial liabilities. After their initial fair value measurement, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For the Company the measured amount generally corresponds to cost.

3. Segmented Information

The Company has two reportable segments, the Syntellect Division and Asset Management Division, based on the nature of the operations and markets that each of these segments serves. The accounting policies followed by these segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The Company's reportable segments each develop and market software products and provide services for their respective markets. The Syntellect Division, which also includes the operations of Apropos and Teloquent, develops, markets and integrates self-service software solutions including voice and speech based applications as well as traditional Interactive Voice Response (IVR) systems, with a vertical market focus on the financial services, media, telecommunications, public utility and healthcare industries. The Asset Management Division, which includes the results of operations of Ontira Communications Inc. since the date of acquisition, March 31, 2007, develops, markets and provides services related to visual based network management software solutions to customers in the telecommunications, cable, electric, gas and public and private transit markets. The Company evaluates segment performance based on revenue and profit or loss before investment income and income taxes.

	Asset Syntellect Management Division Division		Total			
Three months ended April 30, 2007	•		•	0.400	•	
Revenue	\$	12,844	\$	2,192	\$	15,036
Amortization of property and equipment		176		24		200
Amortization of acquired software and intangibles		1,368		102		1,470
Segment profit	\$	2,945	\$	98	\$	3,043
Corporate expense					='	(575)
Foreign exchange						(596)
Other income						678
Interest income						1,007
Interest expense						
Income before income taxes					\$	3,557
Goodwill	\$	11,493	\$	3,794	\$	15,287
Other assets Corporate assets including cash and short-term		53,773		1,065		54,838
investments						92,361
Total Assets					\$	162,486

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)
April 30, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Syntellect Division	Asset Management Division	Total
Three months ended April 30, 2006 Revenue	\$ 11,201	\$ 3,820	\$ 15,021
Amortization of property and equipment Amortization of acquired software and intangibles	322 1,364	38 85	360 1,449
Segment profit	\$ 1,841	\$ 1,838	\$ 3,679
Corporate expense Foreign exchange Other income			(580) 26 -
Interest income Interest expense			737 -
Income before income taxes			\$ 3,862
Goodwill Other assets Corporate assets including cash and short-term	\$ 13,061 58,283	\$ 2,285 (2,508)	\$ 15,346 55,775
investments Total Assets			86,594 \$ 157,715

	Syntellect		Asset Manag Divisio	ement on	Tota	I
Six months ended April 30, 2007 Revenue	\$	23,827	\$	4,637	\$	28,464
Amortization of property and equipment Amortization of acquired software and intangibles		381 2,730		51 217		432 2,947
Segment profit		4,364	\$	521	\$	4,885
Corporate expense Foreign exchange Other income Interest income					-	(1,135) (97) 810 1,978
Interest expense Income before income taxes					\$	6,441

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

April 30, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Synte Divis		Asset Manaç Divisio	gement	Total		
Six months ended April 30, 2006 Revenue	\$	22,488	\$	9,297	\$	31,785	
Amortization of property and equipment Amortization of acquired software and intangibles		594 2,578		76 170		670 2,748	
Segment profit	\$	3,484	\$	5,317	\$	8,801	
Corporate expense Foreign exchange Other income					-	(1,257) (281)	
Interest income						1,360	
Interest expense Income before income taxes					\$	- 8,623	

4. Acquisition

On March 31, 2007, Transched Systems Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Enghouse, acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Ontira Communications Inc. ("Ontira") for a nominal sum and acquired debt of \$2.36 million including transaction costs. Of this total \$0.5 million is subject to a holdback and is payable September 30, 2007. Ontira is a leading supplier of Automated Travel Information Systems (ATIS) for the transit and transportation industries, including a variety of solutions including enhanced interactive voice response (IVR) and multi-media systems.

The acquisition has been recorded under the purchase method of accounting and results have been included in the consolidated statements of operations from the acquisition date. Accordingly, the allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities is based on their fair value, with the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired being allocated to goodwill. Management has established the preliminary purchase price allocation taking into account all relevant information at the time of preparing these consolidated financial statements. However, the preliminary purchase price allocation is subject to further refinements.

Goodwill is not amortized but is assessed annually for any potential impairment in value. Other intangibles representing acquired software, patents and customer relationships are being amortized over a period of five, five and seven years, respectively.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

April 30, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

The Company's preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows:

Cash Accounts receivable, net Prepaids and other current assets Property and equipment Future income tax assets Acquired software Patents Other intangibles Goodwill Total assets acquired		150 381 11 60 366 850 140 210 1,415 3,583
Less: Current liabilities assumed Less: Future income tax liabilities Total liabilities assumed Net assets acquired	(1	1,146) (77) 1,223) 2,360

5. Litigation and Contingencies

Apropos Technology, Inc. ("Apropos") was named as a defendant in a shareholder class action litigation suit filed in federal court in New York City in November 2001 against Apropos and certain of its former directors and officers and the underwriters of Apropos' initial public offering ("IPO"). This lawsuit alleges that the prospectus and registration statement for the IPO failed to disclose that the underwriters allegedly solicited and received excessive commissions from investors and that some of the investors in the IPO allegedly agreed with the underwriters to buy additional shares in the aftermarket in order to inflate the price of Apropos' stock. The Company understands that approximately 300 other publicly traded companies and their public offering underwriters have had similar suits filed against them.

In June 2003, Apropos and certain issuer defendants entered into a proposed settlement which will be funded from participating issuers' directors and officers insurance proceeds, less any settlement amounts by the underwriter defendants. Apropos expects that its insurance proceeds will be sufficient to cover its allocable share of the settlement costs.

Prior to consummation of the proposed settlement on December 5, 2006, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals issued a ruling concerning class certification that may complicate or prevent final approval of the proposed settlement by the issuer plaintiffs. The Court of Appeals concluded that no class of IPO purchasers can appropriately be certified as the issues are not common among all class members. In light of this Court of Appeals ruling, it appears that the plaintiffs would need to pursue whatever claims they have against the underwriters on an individual, non-class-action basis. A petition seeking a rehearing of this December 5, 2006 ruling was denied by the Court on April 6, 2007. All proceedings against Apropos and the 300 other publicly traded companies have been stayed pending further submissions to the Court regarding class certification. As a result of the Court's ruling on the class certification, the viability of the proposed settlement cannot yet be determined.